Homework #9 Introduction to physical oceanography

1. Gravity waves in a finite depth water:

- (a) **EPS 131 Oscar competition:** Create a short video of an experiment showing that fluid particle motion in surface gravity waves is circular. One possibility is to observe a float in a wave field, but you are welcome to come up with a different approach that will show particle motion below the surface as well (side view of a transparent container?). You may do this individually or in pairs. Please email me your entry in electronic format. Entries will be posted on the course home page. A panel of experts will choose the winning entry, and yes, there is a prize!
- (b) Solve for the velocity field (u, w) for gravity waves in an ocean of finite depth *H*: the equation and boundary conditions were derived in class. Assume a solution of the form $\phi = \cos(kx \omega t)(e^{az} + be^{-az})$ and find a solution for the constants *a*, *b* that satisfies all boundary conditions; also, find the dispersion relation $\omega = \omega(k)$. Write your solution for ϕ , *u* and *w* as function of *x*, *z*, *t*, *k* only (no dependence on ω). See Knauss for help.
- (c) Calculate and schematically plot the particle trajectories at different depths from the surface to the bottom; what do they look like?
- 2. Show that $\nabla \times \nabla \phi = 0$ (that is, that the curl of a gradient vanishes) in Cartesian coordinates, for a scalar function ϕ . Hint: the above vector relationship is equivalent to three scalar equations, and you need to show that all three are zero.
- 3. Vorticity in gravity waves: We started our derivation of gravity waves assuming that the vector vorticity is identically zero, $\vec{\zeta} = \nabla \times \vec{u} = 0$. Then we found that particle trajectories are circular for deep water waves. This question tries to find if this implies a contradiction:
 - (a) Calculate the three components of vorticity vector from the gravity wave solution for u, w in deep water waves. Does this answer contradict our assumption of irrotational motion?
 - (b) Plot a vector field for the instantaneous velocity vector field (u, w) using the quiver function in Matlab.
 - (c) **Extra credit challenge problem:** calculate and plot the contours of the instantaneous stream function for deep gravity waves. Please describe and interpret your results.