Workshop #3, outline for TF, not students APM 115: mathematical modeling

Climate, hysteresis, multiple equilibria

Model the Thermohaline circulation using a 3 box model, similar to the Stommel two-box model discussed in class. The boxes represent the equatorial ocean (box 1, 0-30N in the North Atlantic), the mid-latitude ocean (box 2, 30-60N) and the polar ocean (box 3, 60-90N). Students may start from the Matlab program Stommel2box.m for the Stommel box model. The program Stommel3box.m contains the solution.

- 1. Write the equations for the salinity for all three boxes, including a transport term between boxes 1 and 2 and between boxes 2 and 3.
- 2. Integrate the equations using ode45, slowly varying the fresh water forcing to find a hysteresis behavior. Plot it using some appropriate variables (q12, q23, S2, etc) as function of the fresh water forcing.
- 3. Starting from the hysteresis plot of, say the THC between boxes 2 and 3 as function of the fresh water forcing, sketch an approximate bifurcation diagram for this model that includes a guess of where the unstable solution branch is. Do this first for the 2 box model.
- 4. Explain which bifurcations are seen and how they result in the observed hysteresis behavior (saddle nodes).
- 5. **Optional, time permitting:** Solve for the steady state (fixed point) solutions using Matlab's fsolve. Draw the bifurcation diagram for q12 and q23 based on this solution. Also, integrate the equations using ode45 for a few values of the FW forcing to find which of the calculated equilibria states are stable and which unstable.